



The office of the Secretary of State for The United States of America

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Letterhead for International Business for the people for The United States of America only

Comes now, two affirmed American Nationals for The United States of America, the Confederacy United States to petition the United States, in Congress assembled to ratify the Bill of Rights accepted and acknowledged on Wednesday, the fourth of March, one thousand seven hundred and eight nine.

One of the affirmed American Nationals

*Kath - Edward*

One of the affirmed American Nationals

*Sam - German*



For it is the intent of the petition for ratification the Bill of Rights as it was originally intended. There are in fact two United States, one is a federal United States and the other is a Confederacy United States. There was a peace treaty that was introduced to avoid another revolution to keep the age old conflict separate, that being the conflict by and between top down government and bottom up government. In fact the Constitution of the United States was never amended by the Bill of Rights. The Bill of Rights was a peace agreement by and between the Confederacy United States the bottom up Government, and the federal United States, the top down government as acknowledged in the Northwest Ordinance as being two separate United States. The Bill of Rights was intended as a set of rules put in place for a peaceful settlement of disputes by and between the two forms of government. The Bill of Rights was entrenched into the Constitution of the United States by the Confederacy, the anti-federalists to ensure the peace agreement would not be broken.

Today, there have been many violations of the Bill of Rights due to ignorance of the people. The federal United States has done an amazing job of not attacking the Confederacy directly. Indirectly, however, there have been many attacks against the Bill of Rights Peace Agreement through education and the private federal reserve.

Now, therefore, the two or more affirmed American Nationals hereby petition the current United States, in Congress assembled to renew by ratification the original Bill of Rights peace agreement by and between the two United States brought forward to the present time. It is not intended to make The United States of America, the Confederacy a part of the Constitution of the United States nor trespass upon the federal United States. The petition is intended to preserve the absolute right of self determination which fulfills the peaceful settlement of disputes in International law and the Law of Nations.

BE IT ENACTED AND RATIFIED, by the United States, in Congress assembled that the original Bill of Rights is brought forward to the present time as is the inheritance of the people in accordance to the Northwest Ordinance so signed by the United States, in Congress assembled on the eighth day of July, 2013.

## THE U.S. NATIONAL ARCHIVES & RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

[www.archives.gov](http://www.archives.gov)

July 18, 2013

### The Bill of Rights: A Transcription

#### The Preamble to The Bill of Rights

#### **Congress of the United States**

begun and held at the City of New-York, on  
Wednesday the fourth of March, one thousand seven hundred and eighty nine.



**THE** Conventions of a number of the States, having at the time of their adopting the Constitution, expressed a desire, in order to prevent misconstruction or abuse of its powers, that further declaratory and restrictive clauses should be added: And as extending the ground of public confidence in the Government, will best ensure the beneficent ends of its institution.

**RESOLVED** by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, two thirds of both Houses concurring, that the following Articles be proposed to the Legislatures of the several States, as amendments to the Constitution of the United States, all, or any of which Articles, when ratified by three fourths of the said Legislatures, to be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of the said Constitution; viz.

**ARTICLES** in addition to, and Amendment of the Constitution of the United States of America, proposed by Congress, and ratified by the Legislatures of the several States, pursuant to the fifth Article of the original Constitution.

**Note:** The following text is a transcription of the first ten amendments to the Constitution in their original form. These amendments were ratified December 15, 1791, and form what is known as the "Bill of Rights."

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Article the first

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

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Article the second

A well regulated Militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear Arms, shall not be infringed.

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Article the third

No Soldier shall, in time of peace be quartered in any house, without the consent of the Owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

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Article the fourth

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no Warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by Oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

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Article the fifth

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the Militia, when in actual service in time of War or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

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#### Article the sixth

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the Assistance of Counsel for his defence.

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#### Article the seventh

In Suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury, shall be otherwise re-examined in any Court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

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#### Article the eighth

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

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#### Article the ninth

The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

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#### Article the tenth

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

BE IT ENACTED AND RATIFIED, by the United States, in Congress assembled that the original Bill of Rights is brought forward to the present time as is the inheritance of the people in accordance to the Northwest Ordinance so signed by the United States, in Congress assembled on the eighth day of July, 2013.

Delegate: *Charles Matthew Weis*

Delegate: *Cheryl Ann Wiker*

Delegate: *Robert Eugene Colman*

Affirmed by.



The office of the Governor of The United States of America,

*John Harold*

The office of the Secretary of State for The United States of America,

*Leslie-Todd*



The office of the Treasury for The United States of America

*Leonard-William*



The Registrar for the Government of The United States of America

I, Alice Cenicerros, certify under penalty of bearing false witness under the laws of The United States of America that the foregoing paragraph is true and correct according to the best of my current information, knowledge, and belief. The Office of the Registrar accepts and acknowledges the Bill of Rights and is recorded on:

7/19/2013 12:36:04 AM  
Record Date/Time

RH-DD1EDCBE-934F-451A-9DFA-9ADA7D5A0A5B  
Record File Number

(Official Seal)



Authenticated:



*Alice Cenicerros*









ቼን ፈረረ ወላ ማህበረ ገብቶ ወወጸ ዐይቼ፣ እኔ ፈረረ ልቆ ለቆጠራ ማዘጋጀት እና ለገጽ አድራሻ ለማስገባት ለማድረግ ወጪዎችን ማሰብ አለብኝ። ይህ ለመሆኑም ለሌሎች ማዘጋጀት ለማድረግ ወጪዎችን ማሰብ አለብኝ። ይህ ለመሆኑም ለሌሎች ማዘጋጀት ለማድረግ ወጪዎችን ማሰብ አለብኝ።

ፈጽሞ ወረ ማህበረ ገብቶ

ቼን ወወጸ ፈጽሞ ማህበረ ገብቶ ለማድረግ ለማዘጋጀት ለማድረግ ወጪዎችን ማሰብ አለብኝ። ይህ ለመሆኑም ለሌሎች ማዘጋጀት ለማድረግ ወጪዎችን ማሰብ አለብኝ።

ፈጽሞ ወረ እና ገጽ

ከሆኖቹ ለፈረረ ለማህበረ ገብቶ ለማድረግ ለማዘጋጀት ለማድረግ ወጪዎችን ማሰብ አለብኝ። ይህ ለመሆኑም ለሌሎች ማዘጋጀት ለማድረግ ወጪዎችን ማሰብ አለብኝ።



ፈጽሞ ወረ እና ማህበረ ገብቶ

ፊን ማህበረ ገብቶ ለማድረግ ለማዘጋጀት ለማድረግ ወጪዎችን ማሰብ አለብኝ። ይህ ለመሆኑም ለሌሎች ማዘጋጀት ለማድረግ ወጪዎችን ማሰብ አለብኝ።

ፈጽሞ ወረ እና አድራሻ

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ቃቱ ቆጠራ ስራው ለማሳካት ለሚገባው ሰው ለማግኘት ማድረግ ይገባል። ለዚህ ስራ ለማሳካት ለሚገባው ሰው ለማግኘት ማድረግ ይገባል። ለዚህ ስራ ለማሳካት ለሚገባው ሰው ለማግኘት ማድረግ ይገባል።

ፈሪገጽ: *Charles Matthew Weiss*

ፈሪገጽ: *Cheryl Ann Wiker*

ፈሪገጽ: *Robert Eugene Callahan*



ጽሑፍ ወይንም ጽሑፍ ለማሳካት ለሚገባው ሰው ለማግኘት ማድረግ ይገባል።

*John Harold*

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*Leslie-Todd*

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*Leonard-William*



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ይህ ሰነድ የሚያሰጠው የሰነድ አወጣጥ ማረጋገጫ ነው። ለዚህ ሰነድ ለማሳካት ለሚገባው ሰው ለማግኘት ማድረግ ይገባል።

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ጽሑፍ ወይንም ጽሑፍ

Authenticated:



*Alicia Collins*

